THE CONTINVATION OF OVR WEEKELY

Newes, from the 21. of *Iune*, vnto the 28. of the same.

CONTAINING

A Discourse concerning the Fleetes of *Spaine*, and *Portugal*, and the present State of the Bay of *Todos los Santos*, which was rumoured to be recouered by the *Spanish*.

The Victorie of the *Venetians* against the *Spanish* in *Italie*.

The great Warlike preparations and proceedings both of the *French* and *Spanish* with their seuerall Confederates.

The Fort of *La Riva* in great distresse.

A Castle taken by Count *Mansfield*.

The Ouerthrow giuen to the *Grand Signeur* by the King of *Persia*.

The Warlike proceedings of the Generall *Tilly* both against the King of *Denmarke* and Count *Mansfield*.

The Forces which the Emperour and the King of *Spaine* haue in *Germanie*, and in the Emperours Dominions.

The taking of diuers *Dunkerkers* by the *Hollanders*.

With diuers matters of moment lately happened in seuerall parts of Christendome.

Printed for *Mercurius Britannicus*. 1625.

THE CONTINVATION

of our weekly Newes from ſeuerall parts of Chriſtendome.

The Tranſlator to the Reader.

GEntle Reader I being reſolued to diſcourſe a little vpon the buſineſſe of the Bay of *Todos los Sanctos*, by reaſon that the tydings are very different, and that the very truth of them (as I take it) is not as yet knowne to any in Europe: I intend to anſwer an obiection which hath beene made by one or two, that I haue made lately ſome repetitions: To this I anſwer, that I know not of any, but very well of confirmations of matters of conſequence, which contained likewiſe diuers other notable circumſtances which were not printed in our former newes: It is very well knowne that ordinarily thoſe which write newes beyond the Seas, giue notice of it, when any things of moment are confirmed, and that eſpecially when they had written before that they were rumoured. For my part I would willingly pleaſe euery one, but ſeeing that this is impoſſible, and that not *Iupiter* himſelfe could giue content to euery one whatſoeuer weather he ſent, whether it were drie or wet, I will ſtill doe my beſt endeuours, and pleaſe euery one as farre as I can. And I hope that all men

of diſcretion would haue borne with me, if I had lately extended our newes as farre as I could, ſeeing that we receiued none from the Vnited Prouinces in the ſpace of 5. or 6. weekes, (by reaſon of contrary winde, which was not ſeene in the ſpace of 30. years) but ſuch few as we got from *Antwerp*, and other parts of Brabant and Flanders. Wee might now likewiſe acquaint you with diuers prettie paſſages which happened before, and in the ſurrendering of *Breda*, which could not come in due time vnto vs by reaſon of the contrary winde (as is aforeſaid) but we leaue them ſeeing that the ſeaſon is paſt, and make you onely acquainted with ſuch as happened vpon the ſurrendring of the ſame towne.

To come then to the buſineſſe of the Bay, and of the Fleets of *Spaine* and *Portugal*. One writeth from *Liſſebon* with a Letter of the 28. of May, that the Fleet of *Portugal* hath loſt about the Iſland of *Capo Verde* 2. Gallions which ſunke there, and that it tooke afterwards two Hollandiſh ſhips with 80000 Rials of eight, comming from *Braſil*. A Letter written at *Madrill* the 1. of Iune ſoundeth in this manner. Although we haue vnderſtood by ſeuerall intelligences which are ſent from *Holland*, that the Nauies of our King haue beaten the Hollanders out of the Bay of *Todos los Santos*, and ſunken diuers of their ſhips: Neuertheleſſe wee vnderſtand nothing elſe by the Generall of both Fleets, namely, *Don Friderico de Toledo*, then that both the Nauies haue ioyned themſelues together after they had ſuffered great dammage by Sea, and that they are in good hope to recouer the Bay, ſeeing that the great Fleet of the Hollanders was not as yet there arriued. By a letter

written

written from *Amsterdam* the 16. of Iune, we learn that the Master of the Pinasse called the Grayhound was there arriued with his Pinasse, which departing on the 22. of October, came in the Bay on the 8. of December, and of the two other ships which went with it, the one arriued there on the 19. of December, and the other 40. dayes afterwards. The tydings which he hath brought from the Bay are these following. That since the departure of the Admirall *Wittekens* they of the Bay haue taken and brought in aboue fifteene Spanish and Portugall Ships being laden with Victuals, and other Wares, and Commodities. That the Ship which they tooke in the Bay comming from *Rio de la Plata* with a Knight and his Lady, was esteemed to bee worth 240000. pounds sterling. That he with his Pinnasse made prize of a Ship of Portugall which was bound for *Fernambuck* being laden with Wine, Oyle, and Meale. That hee tooke in the same Ship diuers Letters of which was made great vse in the Bay, seeing that by them appearing what Nauies were comming to recouer it, they made it stronger, and fortified the Towne of *Saluador* better and better. That he being sent to sea with his Pinasse on the 12. of March to crosse the sea vpon 13. and 14. degrees, to the intent that *Dirick de Ruyter* might returne to the Bay hauing done the like before. That he left then 12. well mounted Ships in the Bay, and three prepared fire-ships, which were made readie to set the ships of the Spanish and Portugals on fire. That on the 13. of March he met on Sea the ship called the *Heare* which put to sea with the Admirall *Lam* of the Vnited Prouinces. That he taking his appointed course, saw on the third of Aprill a sayle in Sea, and that he going to it per-

ceiued it to bee a Spaniſh ſhip and well furniſhed with men: That he fought with it, and hauing afterwards driuen it to a ſhore, about which was a Port, he ſent his Shaloupes for ayde to the Bay; That they comming the next day in the Bay, ſaw there ſuch a great number of ſhips, that they could not tell how many there were, although they lay in the forme of a halfe Moone, and reached almoſt from the Fort of Saint *Antonio* to the Fort of *Tapaſipo*, and perceiued that our ſhips did ride vpon their Ankers neere to the ſhore: That theſe Shaloupes ſeeing no hope of getting of any ayde, and being in danger to be ſurpriſed, returned backe againe to his Pinaſſe which was then repairing his Maſt and Bow-ſprite: That hee went thereupon towards the Vnited Prouinces on the 6. of Aprill, hauing firſt ſeene a great fire in the Bay, which made a ſhew as if many ſhips had beene burning. That he had not heard any tydings of the ſucceſſe which our Vice-Admirall *Peter Heyn* hath had vpon the Coaſts of *Africa*. That in the Towne were about 1600. luſtie ſouldiers. And 600. Marriners in our ſhips. That there was prouiſion enough of Meale and Oyle; and that they had enough of other victuals, and Wine for the ſpace of two or three moneths. That the Colonell *Schouten* was deceaſed, and his Brother choſen in his place: Thus farre his tydings.

I know that it is rumoured at *Bruſſels* that the Fleetes of Spaine haue taken the Bay and put there all liuing creatures to the Sword, and fired our ſhips. But ſeeing that this rumour is raiſed onely vpon the hopes which the Spaniſh conceiued of the recouerie of it, ſeeing that they were come there before our great Fleet, there is little credit to be giuen to thoſe

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ill rumours or tidings. And that eſpecially ſeeing that ſuch a rumour continued but one day, and that they write from *Sealand* with Letters of the 28. of Iune new Stile, that there is come tiding from Saint *Lucas* (which lyeth in Spaine) that theirs and the Portugall Fleet haue beene cruelly beaten by the Hollanders, and that it was rumoured that 28. of Spaniſh and Portugal ſhips are ſunke and deſtroyed.

Now at this inſtant we haue receiued tidings from *Siuill* with Letters of the 10. of Iune, That there hath been a hot Conflict in this Bay betwixt the Spaniſh and the Hollanders, in which the Spaniſh (as it is reported) haue preuailed againg them. But ſeeing that the Letters which are ſent from *Lisbon* on the 17. of Iune make no mention of this newes, there are but few which will beleeue it.

This is aſmuch as I haue at this preſent of theſe buſineſſes. And I hope that none that haue any ſence or judgement will blame me if either hee, I, or any other ſhall receiue or publiſh hereafter any thing contrary to this newes. For I tranſlate onely the Newes verbatim out of the Tongues or Languages in which they are written, and hauing no skill in Prognoſtication, leaue therefore the judgement to the Reader, & that eſpecially when there are tidings which contradict one another.

From Venice the 25. of May.

They write from *Millane*, that the Gouernour of theſame Dukedome hath ſent 10000. men towards *Genoa*, & that he himſelfe is reſolued to march with his Army towards *Aſti*: That he hath granted a Generall Pardon to all the Bandits that will ſerue him: That they are about 2000. men ſtrong.

It is confirmed againe, that the Councell of *Genoa* hath put the Gouernment of the ſame Signorie into the

the hands of 5. persons of the same Councell, and giuen them alone leaue to treate and meddle with the secrets and warlike affaires of the State. They haue likewise chosen 26. Gentlemen for the Gouernment of the Citie of *Genoa*.

The Constable *Ladiguiere* hath made Marquesse of *Ranciglia* the famous *Bandit Baltesar Melina*, who was in former times a Tayler of his profession, and giuen him the command ouer 600. men.

The Gouernour of *Millane* hath sent both in the Fort of *Fuentes* and in *Veltolina* some Companies of *Trent*, to make some attempt in them parts: For the King of *Spain* hath commanded him to vse all means he can to keepe a passage open for *Germany*, although it should cost his Maiestie the value of a kingdome. But the Venetians slue them of *Trent*, and sent 2000. men into *Veltolina*.

It is confirmed from *Turino*, that the Gouernour of *Nizza* which belongeth to the Duke of *Sauoy* hath taken from the Signorie of *Genoa* the Fort *Bienna*, in which were 14. peeces of Ordnance, & 6000. pounds of Gunpowder: But on the other side haue they of *Genoa* taken *Oneglia*, and slaine 300. men in the same, and went thereupon towards the Vallie of *Del Maino* with an intention to make themselues masters of it. Moreouer, they haue recouered with the losse of some hundreths of men on each side the passage *Pernassio* (which is a place of moment, that lyeth vpon the Riuer of *Ponente*) and was lately surprised by the Sauoyards.

It is confirmed againe, that they of the Fort of *Riva* will surrender it to the Marquesse of *Couure*, if he will suffer them to depart thence both with their Ordnance, bag and baggage.

The

The Gouernour of Millane hauing mustered his Army which consisted in 39 troopes of horse, and 5 regiments of foot marched with thē towards *Pauia*.

They write from Millane that the Marq. *de valle Fuentes* being there arriued with 12000 foot, & 2000 horse, which he hath leuied in Germanie, as likewise the 4000 Swissers which are in the pay of the duke of *Florence*, that there should an Army bee gathered in the State of Millane of 50000 foot, & 6000 horse.

The French hauing pillaged with 4000 horse diuers places about *Alexandria della Paglia*, took there many rich bootes, and 400 beasts aswell horses, as Oxen and Cowes.

They of *Genoa* and their confederats haue recouered againe *Seriano*, *Castoa*, *Franco* (which the French and Sauoyards had taken from them) and slaine 300 French in the same.

The souldiers of the Prince of *Pozzulo* lie still in the villages of the Siegneury of *Genoa*, and the 4000 Neapolitans in the outworks which are raised about the City of *Genoa*: In the Port of the same are 48 Spanish ships.

It is confirmed againe, that they of *Genoa* haue sent into Millane 100000 Crownes, for the payment of the souldiers which are to ryde them: As likewise that the King of *Spaine* hath caused a Million of gold and 300000 Crowes to be remitted by Letters of exchange to the State of Millane.

It is rumored that the Siegneury of Genoa hath recouered againe the Towne of *Sauignon*, and that they are besieging the Castle of it.

They write from Swisserland, that there passe daily through it many Germane souldiers which are leauied for this Siegneury of *Venice*, and that the Imperialists are almost all past.

The Siegnior *Phillipo Spinola* is gone into Germany to leauie there yet 4000 foot, and 1000 horse for the Siegneury of *Genoa*.

The Fort of *La Riva* standeth still out, but they within are in great want of victualls, so that it is generally thought that they shall soone bee compelled to surrender it.

The King of *France* hath sent to *Solothurne* fourteene Mules which were loaden with money to pay the Swissers which in his seruice.

The Keeper of the Castle of the Fort of *Gavi* is put in prison because he surrendred it so soone.

From Vienna the 3. of Iune.

The French hauing considered that they could not keepe the Castle of *Savignore*, they fired it in the night time, and departed thence, so that the Country is thereabouts quite spoiled.

Both the Duke of Sauoy and the Constable *Ladiguere* hauing laid strong garisons in the places which they and their adherents haue taken, and are gone to *Gavi*.

The great warlike preparations continue still in States of Millane and Genoa.

The Forces of the Colonel of *Papenheim*, are mustered about *Alexandria della paglia*: The Gouernor of Millane is come to them from *Pavia* with many thousands of men.

The

The Colonels *Ladron*, and *Balderon* are appointed to leauy in Germany both for the ſeruice of the King of Spaine, and the Siegneury of Genoa 9 000 foot, & 1000 horſe: It is confirmed againe that the Siegnury of Genoa hath promiſed to pay 150000 Crownes monthly to the Gouernor of Millan during the time of their war, vpon condition that hee is to aide them according to his vttermoſt power.

The Nauy of the D. of Guiſe wich lay at *Maſilies* being ariued a *Villa Franca* hee landed there 5000 men.

There are yet 12000 Frenchmen marching thorow Savoy into Italy.

The King of France hath ſeized (euen as in Spaine was done againſt his ſubiects) vpon the goods, and wares of them of Millane and Genoa.

It is written from *Conſtantinople* that the Grand Siegnior being marched vp againſt *Babilonia* to recouer it, the King of *Perſia* encountred with him, and ſlew many of his men, ſo that hee was compelled to giue ouer his enterpriſe. As likewiſe that the King of Perſia ſtrengthned thereupon the gariſon, and went afterwards towards *Tauris* to gather there more Forces. Moreouer that the Grand Siegnior hath ſent a Baſhaw with many men againſt a Prince of *Tartaria* (who done great hurt both vpon the Fronties of Turkie and Poland) to root him out.

From Vienna the 7. of Iune.

The Regimentes of the Count of *Slicke* (which is ten Enſignes ſtrong) and fiue Companies of the D. of Saxony are ſent to the Frontiers of *Hungarie*.

The Count of *Monte Negro* is leauying an armie for the King of Spaine of 20000 foot, and 4000 horſe, and there are already ſome thouſands of Coſſackes raiſed in Poland to ioyne themſelues with the forces.

Although the Proteſtant Burgers of this City are commanded by an Edict of the Emperor to ſell their moueables, and other meanes and eſtates, and to depart hence,, neuertheleſſe they can get no paſſeports to goe away: And they are compelled to goe daily to diuers Churches to be there inſtructed in the Romiſh Catholike Religion by the Ieſuits.

His Imperiall Maieſtie hath ſent the Count of *Swartſenburg* to the Archduke *Leopoldus*, and to diuers Princes of Germanie.

From Vienna the 9. of Iune.

It is confirmed againe, that there are 1000 Coſſackes comming for theſe parts, and that they are alreadie vpon the Frontiers of *Sileſia*.

They goe here ſtill on with the Reformation, and diuers Proteſtant Burgers ſell therefore their goods being reſolued to goe hence, although they bee not ſo ſtrictly vrged to the reformation as they were before.

The

The Burrough Maſter of this City hauing exhorted the foraigne Merchants to obedience and reformation, they will neuertheleſſe not goe to the Romiſh Churches, ſeeing that they haue here many friends which know that the traffick doth eſpecially depend from them, and that they ought not to bee commanded in matters of conſcience.

They write from *Breſlaw* that the Prince of *Poland* is there arriued, and made a Biſhop: and that thereupon there was a ſtately Banquet made to the Ambaſsador of *Poland*, who accepted of his Election in the name of his Maiſter, It is rumored that this new Biſhop ſhall receiue no reuennewes of his Biſhopricke, for the ſpace of three yeares, ſeeing that the debts of the deceaſed Biſhop, which amount to many hundreth thouſands of Florins, are firſt of all to be paid: As likewiſe that there are many thouſands of Coſſacks come vpon the Frontiers of *Sileſia* to ſerue the Emperour.

From Vienna, the 12. of June.

His Imperiall Maieſty hath confirmed againe the Priuiledges of the forraigne Merchants, and made promiſe vnto them that they ſhall not bee troubled for matters of Religion.

The Emperour hath deſired that the Lord *Eſterhaſi* (who is a Romiſh Catholike) ſhould bee put in the place of the deceaſed Count *Palatine* of *Hungary*, but the States of the Kingdome will not condiſcend to it.

It is certaine that vpon the Frontiers of *Sileſia* are come 12000. Coſſacks.

Wee haue receiued tydings by ſeuerall Letters which are ſent hitherwards from *Hungary* to *Bethlem Gabor*, is come to the generall meeting which he appointed at *Caſhaw*, and that diuers of the cheefeſt *Hungarian* Lords are come there to treate with him: as likewiſe that he hath muſtred 30000. men.

Our Commiſsioners which were appointed for the Turkiſh Treatie of peace, hauing queſtioned the Ambaſſadour of *Bethlem* before the Turkiſh Commiſsioners, to what purpoſe their maiſter made ſuch great leauyings; they anſwered, that they did not know of of any: And his Imperiall Maieſty is therfore reſolued to ſend ſome Ambaſſadour to him, to know his intention.

Heere are come diuers ſpirituall and temporall Lords of *Hungary*, to complaine againſt the Imperiall Soldiers which vſe great inſolencie in the ſame Kingdome:

As likewiſe, to conſult about the Election of a new *Palatine*:

And to conſult about the great warlike Preparations of *Bethlem Gabor*.

It is rumored that the 24000. men which are leuying for the Seruice of the King of Spaine, ſhall be muſtred in the Land of *Swaben*, about the Citie of *Vlme*.

The Arch duke *Leopaldus*, is likewiſe raiſing 8000. Men.

From Prague the 10. *of Iune.*

Few dayes agoe, ſome Proteſtant Burgers being heere met in a Fullers Mill, with their Wiues and Children, to take the Communion, the Preacher was betrayed, and being apprehended, ſtrictly examined what Burgers maintaine him, and whether the Proteſtants haue not kept any more Congregations?

And vpon his extorted Confeſsion are diuers of our chiefeſt Burgers clapt vp, and (as it is thought) they ſhall not bee deliuered of their Impriſonment, vnleſſe they pay great fines.

The Count of *Transmanſdorf*, who hath been ſent by his Imperiall Maieſty to the Elector of *Saxony*, is gone homewards: But we cannot learne as yet what his negotiation hath beene nor the ſucceſſe of it.

The Commiſsioners of the Emperour are raiſing heere ſome Sconces, and a Fort about the Sand gate, neere to the Riuer of *Moldow*.

They goe in this Kingdome ſtrictly on with the reformation: And few daies agoe, was in the Lordſhip of *Brandeis*, (which is foure Leagues hence diſtant) a Village fiered, which is called *Lieffa*, ſeeing that the Inhabitants were charged to bee of the Proteſtant Religion: there were burnt 40 houſes, and the Husbandmen were compelled to forſake it, and to goe with their Wiues, Children and Cattell into the fields.

The

The Germaine Preacher, who hath for the ſpace of theſe two yeares beene kept in Priſon, beſides two Lords of *Bohemia* in the Town-houſe of the old City of *Prague*, being conducted together by many Muſquettiers towards another Priſon, he exhorted the people by the way to conſtancie, ſhewing himſelfe vndaunted, and very earneſt in his ſpeeches.

The Count of *Walleſtein* hath cauſed already to be made ready to march vp, ſeeing that the Emperor hath giuen him order to ayd the Generall *Tilly* with the Forces which lye in this Kingdome, *Syleſia*, *Moravia*, and in ſome other of the Emperors Dominions, who hath certified his Imperiall Maieſty, that the King of *Denmarke* hath ſent him word that hee ſhould quit the Land of *Heſſen*, or that hee would compell him otherwiſe to doe it, and deſired therfore to be aſsiſted with more men.

The Forces which both the Emperour and the King of Spaine haue at this preſent in the Emperors Dominions.

The Imperiall Foot, are theſe.

THe Regiment of the Duke of *Saxony*.	3000.
The Regiment of the Colonel *Pruiner*.	3000.
The Regiment of the Colonel *Treffenbach*.	3000.
The Land-graue of *Lichtenſtain*.	3000.
The Regiment of the Count of *Slick*.	3000.
The Count of *Walleſtain*.	3000.

His new Regiments of Foote.

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His new Regiments of foote.

The Regiment of the Count *Vratiſlaus.* 3000

The Regiment of the Lord of *Merode.* 3000

The Regiment of the Lord *Hirsberger.* 3000

The Regiment of the Lord *Certene.* 3000

12000

The Imperiall Horſe.

Don Balthaſar. 1100

Duke *Francis Albert* of *Saxony.* 1000

The Colonel *Paſman.* 1000

Conto Torquato. 500

3600

The Foote which are leauied for the King of Spaine.

Don Mathias of Auſtria. 4000

Count *Wolf* of Mansfield. 4000

Count *Colaldo.* 4000

The Colonell *Paradey.* 3000

The Colonell *Cratz.* 3000

The Count of *Monte Euculi.* 1500

19500

The Horſe which are leauied for the King of Spaine.

The Colonell *Cratz.* 1000

Monſieur de Fuer. 1000

Don Mathias. 500

Don Carlo. 600

Count *Wolf* of Mansfield 500

Gradin. 500

4100

Thoſe amount altogether to 49500. foote and 7700. horſe. 57200

In the Emperours pay are 30000. Foote, And 3600. Horſe. 33600.

In the pay of the King of *Spaine*, are 19500. Foote, And 4100. Horſe. 23600.

From Cullen the 12. of Iune.

They write from *Paris*, that *Mounſier Soubiſe* is not as yet reconciled with the King of *France*, and that his Maieſtie will not make any Articles of agreement, vnleſſe both hee and his Adherents will lay their Armes downe, which (as it is thought) they ſhall be very vnwilling to doe.

By ſeuerall Letters which are ſent from *Bremen*, we learn theſe following particulars: That in the ſame Biſhoprick are ſent by the King of *Denmarke* many Horſe and Foote, beſides great ſtore of Munition, and diuers Warlike Inſtruments. That the King of *Denmarke* hath 18000. Foote of his owne, (beſides 12000. which he hath from the King of *Sweden*) and 4000. Horſe.

That there are likewiſe brought from *Holland* many field Peeces, or Coluerins, & diuers new Warlike Inſtruments. That it was there rumoured, that the King of *Denmarke* would martch towards the Land of *Heſſen*, and to the *Palatinate*, to ſet them againe at liberty.

The Catholique League hath giuen Commiſſion to thdir Generall the Count *Tilly*, to leauie yet 6. Regiments for them.

They write from *Spaine*, that the King of *Spaine* hath ratified the agreement which the Duke of *Neuburg* hath made with the Marqueſſe of *Brandenburg*, concerning the Lands of *Guleck*, *Berg*, and *Cleue*.

Our Elector hath cauſed diuers Peeces of Ordinance to be ſent from *Kaiſers-Weert* to *Bon*, and giuen order for the buying of diuers Warlike Inſtruments, beſides Bullets and Gunpowder.

They giue vs to vnderſtand with ſeuerall Letters written in the Land of *Heſſen*, how that the Generall *Tilly*, who had leauied many Horſe and Foote, hath muſtered his Army about *Hiersfield*, which conſiſted in 10. Regiment of Foot,

and

and 1200. Horſe, and that hee is reſolued to martch towards the Riuer of *Weſer*.

They write frō *Prage*, that the Burgers are there warned that no Father ſhall ſuffer any of his children to be married or contracted, without the notice and permiſſion of the Imperiall Iudges, vpon paine of the loſſe of his liberty of the Citie. That the Tutors are to doe the like with their Pupils. That this is an inuention to hinder that none may be married, vnleſſe they make afore-hand profeſſion of the Romiſh Catholique Religion.

They of *Francfort* giue vs to vnderſtand, that many of the Imperiall Souldiers which lay about *Worms*, are runne away, and that they are not aboue 6000. men ſtrong. That ſeeing the Garriſons are diminiſhed in the *Palatinate*, the Weapons are taken from the Burgers of *Heydelburg* and *Frankendale*.

That the Generall *Tilly* hath ſent ſome of his Forces towards the Riuer of *Weſer*, to reſiſt the King of *Denmarke*, and the other towards *Weſtphalia*, to encounter with Count *Mansfield*.

They write from *Prage*, that the Emperour making no account, that there will be any Warre in *Hungary*, hath commanded the Count of *Walleſteyn* to ayde *Monſieur Tilly* with all his forces, which hee hath gathered for his Imperiall Maieſtie. That the Emperour going into *Morauia* towards *Nicklasburg*, where hee was reſolued to tarry for the ſpace of 3. weekes, tooke with him three of his chiefeſt Priuie Councellours, and many of his principall Officers. That his Imperiall Maieſtie intended to goe thence to *Brandeys* in *Bohemia*; and that it was rumorued that the Elector of *Saxony* ſhould meete there the Emperour.

The matter ſtandeth ſtill with the Fort of *la Riua* as it ſtoode before. This place maketh more worke to the

Marqueſſe *de Coeuvre*, then all the other places which hee hath taken in *Veltolin*. If they which are within it were well prouided with victuals, the Marqueſſe who knowing the ſtrength of it, vſeth no force more againſt it, might yet lye a great while before it.

They write from *Nimwegen*, that the Count of *Mansfield* drew neere with his Army to the ſame Citie, and that he was to come the 4. of Iune about it, and that the next day hee ſhould be neere *Cleue*. That foure Regiments of the States went along with his forces to conuay them. That Count *Henry* of the *Berg*, and the Count of *Anholt* followed him, and that they were reſolued to march ouer the Bridge at *Venloe*. That Count *Mansfield* hath taken a Caſtle which lyeth betwixt *Nimwegen* and *Croonenburg*, and belonged to the Lord *Groesbeck*, who is a priuie Councellour of the Elector of *Cullen*. That his men pillaged it, and found there amongſt diuers good booties, 150. Buſhells of Graine.

Here are tydingt come from *Weſel*, that Count *Mansfield* hauing croſt the Riuer of *Maſe* with 12000. Foote, and 3000. Horſe, went on to paſſe the Riuer of *Rhyne*.

We learne by ſeuerall Letters which are ſent from *Holland*, that the States haue lately very well prouided *Lillo*, *Liſkens*, *Hoeck*, and all their other places which lye vpon the frontiers of their Enemies.

They write from the Land of *Marke*, that the Towne of *Herwordt* hath ſurrendred it ſelfe to the forces of the Elector of *Brandenberg*. But *Sparenberg* which lyeth on a high Mountaine, ſtandeth ſtill out againſt them.

We vnderſtand from *Antwerpe*, that there was no money

ney to be had for the Italian ſouldiers, and that the letters of exchange which came for them, are accepted, but not payed; and that the Notaries are charged not to make any Proteſts by reaſon of the non-payment of their letters of Exchange.

It is confirmed againe from *Amſterdam*, that Captaine *William Codde* of *Enchuyſen* meeting about *Weſt-Cappell* in *Zealand* a Dunkerker, who vſed the Colours of the Prince of *Orange*, tooke him, and 4. Priſoners which they had taken. On the ſame Ship were three Captaines, and ſome of them had ſerued the States in former time.

Some fiue Freebooters of the towne of *S'Hertgoenboſh* paſt lately the Riuer of *Leck* with a Boate, intending to trye their fortunes in the Biſhopricke of *Vtrecht*, and tooke ſome Husbandmen in a Village. But being diſcouered, they of the Countrey reſcued them, and ſlue two of the Spaniſh. Theſe two which were dead, and three other being afterwards carried to *Vtrecht*, were there hanged.

Moreouer, we vnderſtand thence, that there haue bene made ready in the vnited Prouinces, twenty ſhips for the ſeruice of his Maieſtie. That their men of Warre haue taken two Dunkerkers, and brought one of them in *Zealand*, and the other to *Enchuyſen*: euery one of them being manned very neare with forty men.

We learne by ſeuerall French letters, that *Monſieur de la Force* hath a ſtrong Armie about St. *Quintin* in *Picardie*, ſtand in great feare.

From Bruſſell the 15. *of Iune.*

which maketh them of *Cambray*, *Artois*, and *Hainault*, to

They haue through all *Brabant* made great Triumphes of ioy, but eſpecially at *Antwerpe*, by reaſon of the ſurrendring of *Breda*.

It is thought that ſhortly ſome other attempt ſhall bee made; for there are already many Waggons, great ſtore of Munition, Victuals, and other neceſſaries prouided.

There are many Shallops, and flat bottomed Boats, (each one of them is furniſhed with 2. ſmall peeces) made ready: beſides a ſtrong Bridge, which conſiſteth in ſeuerall peeces, and may be layde on the Water. It is reported, that it will be able to beare 3000. men, both horſe and foote, with their full Weapous and compleat Armour. It is thought that it ſhall this Summer be employed before a ſtrong Towne which lyeth on the Water.

Here are againe diuers new Commiſſions granted to leauie men, ſeing that there is ſome money come from *Spaine*: And it is concluded by the Counſell of Warre, and the States of *Brabant*, that there ſhall be raiſed 8000. Dutch-men, 4000. Italians, 2000. Spaniards, and 2000. Wallownes.

The Garriſon of the town of *Breda* marcht on the 5. of June in a very good order out of the town, & ſome of ours came in it the ſame day, according to the Capitulation. There went out of it aboue 4700. ſouldiers, aſwell of the Burgers as others, & were all for the moſt part luſtie men, cloathed in good apparrell, and furniſhed with good weapons and armor, (beſides the Sicke.) They conſiſted in 45 Companies of foote, and 2. Cornets of horſe: They car with them 70. Waggons with Baggage, and after then ried followed many Wagons which were loaden with moueables of the Burgers which departed thence. They went out of the towne from 10. of the clocke in the morning, vntill 6. of the clocke in the euening.

The Borrow-Maſter *Borgaine* (who is likewiſe a Captain of Horſe) departed firſt with his troupe of horſe: After him

him came 800. Waggons and Carts, being loaden with Baggage, and other moueables, and Houſhold ſtuffe, being accompanied with a great number of Burgers & their Families.

After them martched the Gouernor *Iuſtinus* of *Naſſaw*, with the other chiefe Commanders and Captaines with their forces.

The Scottiſh, Hollanders, Zealander, and Wallownes, (which were all luſtie men, and deckt with good apparrell) had the Vanguard.

The French had the Middle Guard.

The Engliſh, and both the two Guards of the late deceaſed Prince, and of this preſent, had the Reere-Guard with a troupe of horſe of the Gouernor of the towne; amongſt which was *William* of *Naſſaw*, the naturall Sonne of the deceaſed Prince of *Orange* of famous memory: This troupe carried blacke colours.

They martching on with their full Weapons, diſplayed Enſignes, lighted Matches, and the ſound of Drums and Trumpets, were conducted by (the Spaniſh) by the way of *Meede* towards *Geertruydenburg*: Where the Prince of *Orange*, and diuers other chiefe Commanders, did bid the Gouernour *Iuſtinus*, and diuers other principall Commanders welcome.

The moſt part of theſe Companies were the ſame day ſent by water to ſeuerall Garriſon townes. And the Prince of *Orange* went about the euening with the Collonel *Morgan* to his Leaguer of *Waelwyck*. The 4. Braſſe Peeces, and 2. Murtherers, with 40. Bullets were ſhipt.

The Spaniſh ſouldiers comming in the towne, haue broaken

haue broken in peeces the Turfe Ship (by which it was taken) that was kept for a perpetuall memory, vpon the Caſtle of *Breda*, and carried them away. There are but few of them which will lie in the town, by reaſon of the Plague, and keepe therefore for the moſt part in the Caſtle, and in the Horneworks of the towne.

The Burgers are commanded to bring their Weapons (vpon great penaltie) to the Towne-houſe; and to make cleane the Houſes and Streetes of all filthineſſe, and cleare them of all odious and dangerous ſmells.

From Geertruydenburg the 16. of Iune.

The Romiſh Prieſts and Monkes being come to *Breda*, they began to cleanſe the Churches and Cloyſters (according to their manner) and ſpent two daies in whipping of the Pulpits, in which our Preachers haue Preached.

FINIS.